Pfizer-BioNTech and Moderna have conducted clinical trials and data collection for COVID-19 vaccines for children ages 6 months through 4 years and 6 months through 5 years, respectively. Both vaccines received FDA EUA and CDC recommendation.

Part one of this document is meant to help with planning for vaccinating in your clinical spaces and for communicating with parents/families about these vaccines. Part two is meant for communicating and advocating for the vaccines. Please only use these materials as intended.

Thank you,
The ICAAP Immunizations Team

IF YOU ARE NOT ENROLLED TO VACCINATE YET, PLEASE DON'T HESITATE TO CONTACT US FOR ASSISTANCE. ENROLLMENT TAKES 1-4 WEEKS DEPENDING ON YOUR I-CARE STATUS.
WHAT IS IN THIS TOOLKIT

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Page 5 – Product and Shipping Information
Page 6 – Frequently Asked Questions
Page 7 – Tips for the Rollout
Page 8 – If Your Clinic is Not Offering COVID-19 Vaccines
Pages 9 & 10 – Product Information
Page 11 – Needle Sizes (from Immunize.org)
Page 12 – Patient/Family Handout: What You Should Know
Page 13 – Patient/Family Handout: What You Should Know - Spanish
Page 14 – Patient/Family Handout: Planning
Page 15 – Patient/Family Handout: Planning – Spanish
Page 16 & 17 – Patient/Family Handout: Tips & Tricks to Help You and Your Little One Get Through the Needlestick
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PART TWO: COMMUNICATING & ADVOCATING
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Page 22 – Sample Patient/Family Handout: Finding a COVID-19 Vaccine for Your Child - Spanish
Page 23 – Sample Patient/Family Handout: Finding a COVID-19 Vaccine in Chicago
Page 25 – Patient/Family Handout: COVID-19 Vaccines for Children are Here
Page 26 – Patient/Family Handout: COVID-19 Vaccines for Children are Here - Spanish
Page 27 – Patient/Family Handout: Time to Vaccinate
Page 28 – Patient/Family Handout: Time to Vaccinate - Spanish
Page 29 – Sample Outreach/Social Media Messages
Pages 30 through 34 – Outreach/Social Media Images
Page 35 – Links/Resources to Include with Outreach Materials or Posts

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Page 36 – Pfizer-BioNTech Clinical Trials Summary
Page 37 – Moderna Clinical Trials Summary
Part one: Planning & Communicating
Product and Shipping Information

According to the CDC’s Pediatric Planning Guide: Shipments of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine for ages 6m–4 years and/or Moderna COVID-19 vaccine for ages 6m–5 years begins once FDA issues the EUA, subject to independent FDA decisions. Vaccine administration can only begin following the CDC recommendation.

Both products ship in packages of 10 vials (100 dose trays), with a minimum order of 100 doses and increments of 100 doses. Ancillary supplies will be provided for both vaccine products, including 1-inch needles and syringes to support 100 doses of vaccine. More details available here.

Pfizer: Similar product configuration to 5-11 vaccine.
• Distinguished by a different color cap (maroon).
• A different concentration (3 micrograms/0.2mL).
• A different amount of diluent added (2.2mL).
• Initial shipments of the Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine for children aged 6m–4 years may state “2y to <5y” or “6m to <5y.” Vials with labels that state “2y to <5y” can be used for children aged 6m–4 years.
Shipping temps – Ships at -80°C, like all current Pfizer COVID-19 vaccines. You do not need to store/keep at ULT-cold temps. Diluent will be provided with ancillary supplies.

Moderna: A different concentration (25 micrograms/0.25mL).
• Does not require diluent.
Shipping temps – Ships at -20 °C, like all current Moderna COVID-19 vaccines, and has a different product configuration to the adult vaccine.

Do not use adult vaccines or the 5-11 product for younger children. The current products for adults, adolescents, and older children should NOT be used in children ages 6m–4 years or 6m–5 years.

National drug code (NDC). Both products have new NDC codes – check here.

Pharmacists cannot vaccinate children under 3 years old. IL state law allows for pharmacists to vaccinate down to the age of 7 years. During the COVID-19 pandemic the Federal Government lowered that age to the age of 3 nationally through an emergency order. The PREP Act Declaration authorizes certain providers listed in the Declaration to administer vaccines regardless of state requirements. For example, the Declaration authorizes pharmacists, pharmacy interns, and pharmacy technicians nationwide to order and/or administer COVID-19 vaccines, influenza vaccines, and other vaccines authorized by FDA and recommended by CDC for children ≥3 years old.
**Frequently Asked Questions**

**Pfizer**

What is the age group for the maroon cap Pfizer vaccine?
- Children who are between six months and four years of age.

How much vaccine will a child receive?
- This is a 3-microgram dose for each shot, this is only 10% of what an adult receives.

How many shots does a child need to get?
- Primary series of the pediatric Pfizer COVID-19 vaccines includes three shots. The first two doses are given three weeks (or 21 days) apart and the third dose is two months (or 8 weeks) after the second dose. Other routine childhood vaccines series are three doses like Hepatitis B and Polio.

**Moderna**

What is the age group for the <6 Moderna vaccine?
- Children who are between six months and five years of age.

How much vaccine will a child receive?
- Moderna shots are a 25-microgram dose for each shot, this is only 25% of what an adult receives.

How many shots does a child need to get?
- Primary series of the pediatric Moderna COVID-19 vaccines includes two shots. The second dose is given 4 weeks (or 28 days) after the first.
**TIPS FOR THE ROLLOUT**

Examples of how ICAAP members are already vaccinating 5 to 11-year-olds and plan to vaccinate younger age groups:

- Open nurse visits for patient and family to schedule a vaccine or set number of visits per day.
- Adding on same day COVID-19 shots throughout the day for well checks and acute visits.
- COVID-19 vaccine offered and can be given during all well care and urgent appointments.
- Subspecialty appointments: COVID-19 vaccine is available to all patients and family.
- COVID-19 clinics when new group is eligible, including walk-in visits.

Be FLEXIBLE – While we have not had to “mass vaccinate” little ones before, each year a similar exercise takes place with the administration of annual flu shots. Information is going to change; you may find something works and then find that it doesn’t. Do your best to go with it and adapt quickly if needed.

Make it fun – Access to this vaccine is a BIG deal for many parents in this age group. This is something they have been waiting for. Let’s celebrate, congratulate, and thank our parents for bringing their children in to be vaccinated! (think: stickers, balloons, etc.)

Think about pain/anxiety management resources – Things like a Buzzy, distraction items, numbing spray, sound machines, etc. are great to have readily available for younger patients. Including a Child Life Specialists (where applicable) in the planning/execution of vaccine clinics is also extremely beneficial!

Think about logistics, but don’t over-think it! – For example, you might not need additional or new equipment to vaccinate these age groups.

Remember – The public will be directed to use vaccines.gov to help find providers who are offering COVID-19 pediatric vaccines. It is critical to turn on public display so your location may be displayed.
If Your Clinic is Not Offering COVID-19 Vaccines

You can still help get children vaccinated! Your strong recommendation is important to parents and caregivers. However, it may not be enough to just say “Go to XYZ nearby clinic.” Take time to create a process and action plan for supporting families in getting their children vaccinated while they are there with you. Here are some things you can do...

1. Gather and share information around the local resources available in your surrounding area for getting vaccinated. See sample handouts on pages 17 and 18 of this toolkit. You can download the templates to customize here.
   • Before listing a facility, please consider reaching out to the site to make sure they are comfortable vaccinating young children. This will help to facilitate a warm handoff and to ensure confidence in recommending that location.

2. Reassure them that their child’s vaccine will be a part of their health record even if they get it elsewhere. Say, “We don’t have COVID-19 vaccine in our clinic, but when your child gets it at (suggested site), it will be recorded in I-CARE and it will be part of their permanent record in our clinic!”

3. Help families make an appointment before they leave your office, if appointments are needed.

4. Share information around transportation available
   - Lyft and Uber may offer free rides to people who don’t have access to transportation to get to their vaccination appointment until July 4th. More information on Lyft rides here and on both here.

5. Change your facility’s voicemail and website to include some instructions for finding a vaccine elsewhere.
### Storage & Handling Pfizer-BioNTech

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Indications</th>
<th>New Product</th>
<th>Current Products</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6 months through 4 years</td>
<td>Primary Series</td>
<td>Primary Series and Booster Dose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 through 11 years</td>
<td>Primary Series and Booster Dose</td>
<td>Primary Series and Booster Dose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 years and older</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vial Cap Color/Label with Color Border</th>
<th>MAROON</th>
<th>ORANGE</th>
<th>GRAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preparation</td>
<td>Dilute Before Use</td>
<td>Dilute Before Use</td>
<td>Do Not Dilute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount of Diluent Needed per Vial(^a)</td>
<td>2.2 mL</td>
<td>1.3 mL</td>
<td>Do Not Dilute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dose Volume/Dose</td>
<td>0.2 mL/3 mcg</td>
<td>0.2 mL/10 mcg</td>
<td>0.3 mL/30 mcg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doses per Vial</td>
<td>10 (after dilution)</td>
<td>10 (after dilution)</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ULT Freezer (-90°C to -60°C)(^b)</td>
<td>12 months</td>
<td>12 months</td>
<td>12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezer (-25°C to -15°C)</td>
<td>DO NOT STORE</td>
<td>DO NOT STORE</td>
<td>DO NOT STORE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refrigerator (2°C to 8°C)</td>
<td>10 weeks</td>
<td>10 weeks</td>
<td>10 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Room Temperature (8°C to 25°C) (including any thaw time)</td>
<td>12 hours prior to first puncture</td>
<td>12 hours prior to first puncture</td>
<td>12 hours prior to first puncture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After First Puncture (2°C to 25°C)</td>
<td>Discard after 12 hours</td>
<td>Discard after 12 hours</td>
<td>Discard after 12 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^a\) Diluent: Sterile 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection, USP. Do not use bacteriostatic 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection or any other diluent.

\(^b\) Regardless of storage condition, vaccines should not be used after 12 months from the date of manufacture printed on the vial and cartons.

### Storage & Handling Moderna

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Indications</th>
<th>New Product</th>
<th>Current Products</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6 months through &lt;6 years</td>
<td>Primary Series Dose</td>
<td>Primary Series and Booster Dose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 years and older</td>
<td></td>
<td>18 years and older</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 years and older</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vial Cap Color/Label with Color Border</th>
<th>Blue cap, magenta label border</th>
<th>Red cap, blue label border 5.5 mL</th>
<th>Red cap, blue label border 7.5 mL</th>
<th>Blue cap, purple label border</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preparation</td>
<td>Do Not Dilute</td>
<td>Do Not Dilute</td>
<td>Do Not Dilute</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dose Volume/Dose</td>
<td>6 months through &lt;6 years: 0.25 mL/25 mcg</td>
<td>0.5 mL/100 mcg primary 0.25 mL/50 mcg booster</td>
<td>0.5 mL/50 mcg booster</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doses per Vial</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>11 max primary doses or 20 booster doses</td>
<td>15 max primary doses; 20 max primary and booster doses</td>
<td>5 booster doses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ULT Freezer (-90°C to -60°C)</td>
<td>DO NOT STORE</td>
<td>DO NOT STORE</td>
<td>DO NOT STORE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezer (-25°C to -15°C)(^a)</td>
<td>Until Expiration</td>
<td>Until Expiration</td>
<td>Until Expiration</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refrigerator (2°C to 8°C)</td>
<td>30 Days</td>
<td>30 Days</td>
<td>30 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Room Temperature (8°C to 25°C) (including any thaw time)</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After First Puncture (2°C to 25°C)</td>
<td>Discard after 12 hours</td>
<td>Discard after 12 hours</td>
<td>Discard after 12 hours</td>
<td>Discard after 12 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^a\) Regardless of storage condition, vaccines should not be used after the expiration date.
## Primary Doses <18

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vaccine Manufacturer</th>
<th>New Products</th>
<th>Current Products</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pfizer-BioNTech</td>
<td>Pfizer-BioNTech</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Age Indications</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 months through 4 years</td>
<td>6 months through &lt;6 years</td>
<td>5 through 11 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vial Cap Color/Label with Color Border</th>
<th>Maroon</th>
<th>Blue cap/magenta border</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preparation</td>
<td>Dilute Before Use</td>
<td>Do Not Dilute</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount of Diluent Needed per Vial</th>
<th>2.2 mL</th>
<th>1.3 mL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dose Volume/Dose</td>
<td>0.2 mL/3 mcg</td>
<td>0.2 mL/10 mcg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of doses for people who are NOT immune compromised</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Interval between doses

- 21 days between shots 1 and 2
- 3rd shot is 8 weeks after 2nd

### Number of doses for people who ARE immune compromised

| Number of doses for people who ARE immune compromised | NA | 3 |

### Interval between doses for people who ARE immune compromised

- NA

## Boosters 5≤ Only

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vaccine Manufacturer</th>
<th>Current Products</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pfizer-BioNTech</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Age Indications</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 through 11 years</td>
<td>12 years and older</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vial Cap Color</th>
<th>Orange</th>
<th>Gray</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preparation</td>
<td>Dilute Before Use</td>
<td>Do Not Dilute</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Amount of Diluent Needed per Vial | 1.3 mL |
| Dose Volume/Dose                  | 0.2 mL/10 mcg | 0.3 mL/30 mcg |
| Number of Booster Doses for people who are NOT immunocompromised | 1 | 12 to 49 years: 1 |

### Interval between last primary dose to first booster dose

- ≥5 months

### Number of Booster Doses for people who ARE immunocompromised

| Number of Booster Doses for people who ARE immunocompromised | 1 | 2 |

### Interval between last primary dose to first booster dose

- ≥3 months

### Interval between first booster dose to second booster dose

- N/A
- ≥4 months
Administering Vaccines: Dose, Route, Site, and Needle Size

### Vaccine Dose Route

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vaccine</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Route</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>COVID-19</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pfizer-BioNTech</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• age 5 to &lt;12 yrs: 0.2 mL pediatric formulation (“orange cap”)</td>
<td>IM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• age ≥12 yrs: 0.3 mL adult/adolescent formulation for primary and booster doses</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderna; ≥18 yrs: 0.5 mL primary series*; 0.25 mL booster Janssen; ≥18 yrs: 0.5 mL for primary &amp; booster doses</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Modernix</strong></td>
<td>0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Haemophilus influenzae type b</strong> (Hib)</td>
<td>≤18 yrs: 0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>≥19 yrs: 1.0 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hepatitis A</strong> (HepA)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hepatitis B</strong> (HepB)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persons 11–15 yrs may be given Recombivax HB (Merck)</td>
<td>1.0 mL adult formulation on a 2-dose schedule.</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis</strong> (DTaP, DT, Tdap, Td)</td>
<td>0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diphtheria</strong></td>
<td>0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hepatitis B</strong> (HepB)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hepatitis A</strong> (HepA)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Influenza, live attenuated</strong></td>
<td>0.2 mL (0.1 mL in each nostril)</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(LAIV)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Influenza, inactivated</strong></td>
<td>Afluria: 0.25 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(IVV)</td>
<td>Fluzone: 0.25 or 0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Influenza, inactivated</strong></td>
<td>Fluvarix, Flucelvax, FluvLaval: 0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(IVV), for ages 6–35 months</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Meningococcal serogroups A, C, W, Y (MenACWY)</strong></td>
<td>0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Meningococcal serogroup B</strong></td>
<td>0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(MenB)</td>
<td></td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pneumococcal conjugate</strong> (PCV)</td>
<td>0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pneumococcal polysaccharide</strong> (PPSV)</td>
<td>0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM or Subcut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Polio, inactivated</strong> (IPV)</td>
<td>0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM or Subcut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rotavirus</strong></td>
<td>Rotarix: 1.0 mL</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rotatet: 2.0 mL</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Varicella</strong> (VAR)</td>
<td>0.5 mL</td>
<td>Subcut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Zoster</strong> (Zos)</td>
<td>Shingrix: 0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Combination Vaccines</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DTaP-Hept-B-IPV (Pediarix)</td>
<td>0.5 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DTaP-IPV/Hib (Pentacel)</td>
<td></td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DTaP-IPV (Kinrix; Quadracel)</td>
<td></td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DTaP-IPV-Hib-HeptB (Vaxelis)</td>
<td></td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMRV (ProQuad)</td>
<td>≤12 yrs: 0.5 mL</td>
<td>Subcut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HepA-HeptB (Twinrix)</td>
<td>≥18 yrs: 1.0 mL</td>
<td>IM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Injection Site and Needle Size

#### Subcutaneous (Subcut) injection
Use a 23–25 gauge needle. Choose the injection site that is appropriate to the person’s age and body mass.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>NEEDLE LENGTH</th>
<th>INJECTION SITE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Newborns</td>
<td>½”*</td>
<td>Anterolateral thigh muscle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infants</td>
<td>½”</td>
<td>Anterolateral thigh muscle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toddlers</td>
<td>1”–1¼”</td>
<td>Anterolateral thigh muscle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescents</td>
<td>1½”–1½”</td>
<td>Anterolateral thigh muscle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adults</td>
<td>1½”–2½”</td>
<td>Anterolateral thigh muscle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** Always refer to the package insert included with each biologic for complete vaccine administration information. CDC’s Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) recommendations for the particular vaccine should be reviewed as well. Access the ACIP recommendations at www.immunize.org/acip.

#### Intramuscular (IM) injection
Use a 22–25 gauge needle. Choose the injection site and needle length that is appropriate to the person’s age and body mass.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>NEEDLE LENGTH</th>
<th>INJECTION SITE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Newborns</td>
<td>½”*</td>
<td>Anterolateral thigh muscle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infants</td>
<td>1”</td>
<td>Anterolateral thigh muscle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toddlers</td>
<td>1¼”–1¼”</td>
<td>Anterolateral thigh muscle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescents</td>
<td>1½”–1½”</td>
<td>Anterolateral thigh muscle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adults</td>
<td>1½”–2½”</td>
<td>Anterolateral thigh muscle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** Always refer to the package insert included with each biologic for complete vaccine administration information. CDC’s Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) recommendations for the particular vaccine should be reviewed as well. Access the ACIP recommendations at www.immunize.org/acip.

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* If immunocompromised, Moderna 0.5 mL for 3-dose primary series, then 0.25 mL for booster dose.

† The Shingrix vial might contain more than 0.5 mL. Do not administer more than 0.5 mL.

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**Injection Site and Needle Size**

Subcutaneous (Subcut) injection

* If immunocompromised, Moderna 0.5 mL for 3-dose primary series, then 0.25 mL for booster dose.

† The Shingrix vial might contain more than 0.5 mL. Do not administer more than 0.5 mL.

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**Intranasal (NAS) administration of Flumist (LAIV) vaccine**

**Intramuscular (IM) injection**

**Subcutaneous (Subcut) injection**

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**IMMUNIZATION ACTION COALITION**
www.immunize.org/catg.d/p3085.pdf - Item #P3085 (11/21)
COVID-19 VACCINES FOR CHILDREN UNDER 5

WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW

1. Many children have been infected with COVID-19. Children can become severely ill, hospitalized and die from this virus.

2. Vaccines help prevent people from getting ill and from having long-term effects from COVID-19. Children deserve that protection too.

3. Doctors want you to know COVID-19 vaccines are safe - for children too! Millions of children have been vaccinated and the US continues to monitor safety.

4. Call your child’s doctor or healthcare provider today to see how they will be offering COVID-19 vaccine appointments since this is the best place for them to be vaccinated!

5. No one likes shots! Even adults don’t like them. Make a plan for how you can support your child during and after their shots.

2. Las vacunas ayudan a evitar que las personas se enfermen y tengan efectos a largo plazo de la COVID-19. Los niños también merecen esa protección.

3. Los médicos quieren que sepas que las vacunas COVID-19 son seguras, también para los niños. Millones de niños han sido vacunados y los Estados Unidos siguen vigilando la seguridad.

4. Llame hoy mismo al médico o al proveedor de servicios de salud de su hijo para ver si le ofrecen citas para la vacuna de COVID-19, ya que es el mejor lugar para que se vacune.

5. A nadie le gustan los inyecciones. Incluso a los adultos no les gustan. Haga un plan para apoyar a tu hijo durante y después de las vacunas.
Planning for COVID-19 Vaccines for Children Under 5

Be assured that COVID-19 vaccines are safe and effective. They protect against severe illness, hospitalization and death from COVID-19.

Ask your child’s doctor now about how they are going to schedule vaccine appointments when a vaccine is available.

The best place for your child to be vaccinated is at their doctors office. Know that pharmacies cannot vaccinate children under 3.

When your child gets their COVID-19 vaccine, they can get their other vaccines at the same time. This helps you save trips, money and stress!

Prepare to support your child during and after their shots. Know that side effects from vaccines are normal - and will likely be mild and short!

Vaccinating your child is one of the best things you can do to protect them and those around them. Celebrate your decision to vaccinate your child.
Planeando para las vacunas de COVID-19 para niños menores de 5 años

Tenga la seguridad de que las vacunas contra el COVID-19 son seguras y eficaces. Protegen contra la enfermedad grave, la hospitalización y la muerte por COVID-19.

Pregunte ahora al médico de su hijo cómo van a programar las citas para las vacunas cuando estén disponibles.

El mejor lugar para vacunar a su hijo es la consulta del médico. Sepa que las farmacias no pueden vacunar a los niños menores de 3 años.

Cuando su hijo recibe la vacuna COVID-19, puede recibir las demás vacunas al mismo tiempo. ¡Esto te ayuda a ahorrar viajes, dinero y estrés!

Prepárese para apoyar a su hijo durante y después de las vacunas. Sepa que los efectos secundarios de las vacunas son normales y que probablemente serán leves y breves.

Vacunar a tu hijo es una de las mejores cosas que puedes hacer para protegerle a él y a los que le rodean. Celebre su decisión de vacunar a su hijo.
**TIPS & TRICKS TO HELP YOU AND YOUR LITTLE ONE GET THROUGH THE NEEDLESTICK**

**Before**

Plan to hold your infant or toddler upright during their shot. A comforting hold can help by:
- Providing a feeling of safety
- Keeping your child from being scared – you’ll be holding them rather than having to overpower or fight them
- Allowing the vaccine to be given carefully

If you breastfeed, plan to breastfeed before, during and for a few minutes after the vaccination. If you don’t breastfeed, ask if your healthcare provider has sugar water, sometimes called Tootsweeet™.

**Check in with your own feelings.** Children feel calmer when you are calm. Take a few slow deep breaths so your belly expands, not your chest.

**During: Holding Positions**

- **Swaddle**
  1. Swaddle your baby
  2. Take out the leg that the vaccine will be given in

- **Sideways Lap Sit**
  1. Have your child sit on your lap facing sideways
  2. Secure the child’s arm with your own arm
  3. Secure their legs with your own leg

- **Back-to-Chest**
  1. Hold your child on your lap facing out
  2. Place your arms over theirs for a hug-like hold
  3. For older children, anchor your child’s feet between your thighs/legs or hold with your other hand

- **Chest-to-Chest**
  1. Have your child sit on your lap facing you
  2. Wrap their legs around your waist
  3. Their arm can go under or over yours

More important information on the other side
**TIPS & TRICKS TO HELP YOU AND YOUR LITTLE ONE GET THROUGH THE NEEDLESTICK**

**During**

Distract them. Help your child focus their attention somewhere else during their vaccine.

For babies up to 12 months
- Softly talk or sing songs
- Gently cuddle them
- Offer a pacifier
- Breastfeed (children older than 12 months too!)

For toddlers ages 1 to 3 years
- Read a story
- Play a video on a phone/tablet
- Offer a favorite or new toy
- Give them a job or task

For preschoolers ages 4 to 6 years
- Count, say the ABCs or sing with them - let them fill in some of the numbers or words
- Read a story
- Let them watch a video on a phone or tablet
- Play a game that doesn’t require moving (like I spy)
- Ask them to tell you what they see in the space you’re in or what they want for dinner

**Remember: Stay positive. Stay Calm. Use your normal speaking voice and tone.**

**After**

Be extra loving, kind and supportive. Hold and cuddle your child.

**Keep an eye on them.**

Some vaccines cause short term pain or discomfort – and your child may be fussy after their shot because of this. Remember you’re protecting them from diseases that can hurt a lot more – and the hurt from those diseases last a lot longer or a lifetime!

- If your child’s leg or arm is red or swollen, you can apply a clean, cool, wet washcloth for comfort.
- If your child is in pain, you can give them the recommended dose of acetaminophen or ibuprofen. **Do not give aspirin.**

**Call your child’s healthcare provider if you have any questions or concerns.**

Adapted from Nationwide Children’s Comfort Hold Techniques.
**RECOMENDACIONES PARA QUE USTED Y SUS HIJOS SUPEREN EL MIEDO A LA VACUNA**

**Antes**

Planee sostener a su bebe o niño vertical durante la vacunación. Un apretón cómodo puede ayudar a:
- Ofrecer una sensación de seguridad
- Evitar que su hijo tenga miedo – lo sostendrás en vez de dominarlo o luchar con él.
- Permitir que la vacuna se administre con cuidado

Si amamanta, planeé amamantar antes, durante, y por unos minutos después de la vacunación. Si no amamanta pregúntele a su proveedor de salud si tiene agua con azúcar a veces llamado Tootsweet.

**Consulte con sus propios sentimientos.** Los niños sentirán más tranquilos cuando ven que tú también estás tranquilo. Respire para que el estómago expande, no el pecho.

**Durante: Agarrando**

- **Espalda a Pecho**
  1. Sostenga al niño en su regazo de espaldas a usted
  2. Coloque sus brazos sobre los brazos de ellos para un apretón como un abrazo
  3. Para niños mayores, ponga los pies de su hijo entre sus muslos/piernas o agarrelos con la otra mano

- **Fajar**
  1. Faje a su bebé
  2. Saque la pierna donde se administrará la vacuna

- **Sentado de lado**
  1. El niño se sienta de lado en su regazo
  2. Amarra el brazo del niño con el tuyo
  3. Amarra sus piernas con tu propia pierna

- **Pecho a Pecho**
  1. El niño se sienta en su regazo frente a usted
  2. Envuelva las piernas alrededor de su cintura
  3. El brazo de ellos puede pasar por debajo o de encima de su brazo

**Más información importante en el otro lado**
**Durante**

Distráelos. Ayude que su hijo se concentre en algo diferente durante la vacunación.

Para bebés con menos de un año
- Habla en voz baja o cante
- Abrácelos suavemente
- Ofrezca un chupete
- Amamante (también para niños mayores de 1 año)

Para niños entre 1-3 años
- Lea un cuento
- Permitirles mirar un video en el móvil o la tableta
- Ofrezca un juguete favorito o nuevo
- Deles un trabajo o tarea

Para preescolares entre 4-6 años
- Cuente el abecedario o cante con ellos - permitales completar uno de los números o letras
- Lea un cuento
- Permitales mirar un video en el móvil o la tableta

**Después**

Sea muy amoroso, amable, y comprensivo. Sostenga y abrace a su hijo.

**Estar al pendiente.**

Algunas vacunas pueden causar dolor o incomodidad a corto plazo - y por eso su hijo puede estar quisquilloso. Recuerda que estás protegiéndolos de enfermedades que les pueden lastimar mucho más - y el dolor de esas enfermedades dura más tiempo o por toda la vida!

- Si la pierna o el brazo de su hijo esta rojo o hinchado, puedes aplicar una toallita limpia, fría, y mojada para comodidad
- Si su hijo tiene dolor, les puede dar la dosis recomendada de acetaminofeno o ibuprofeno. **No les dé aspirina.**

**Llame al proveedor de salud de su hijo si tiene preguntas o preocupaciones.**
Part Two: Communicating & Advocating
Finding a COVID-19 Vaccine for Your Child

Locations near us offering COVID-19 vaccines:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of site</th>
<th>Address and phone</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Appointment instructions</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Other ways to find vaccine appointments:
- Visit [Vaccines.gov](https://www.vaccines.gov) to find vaccination providers near you.
- Text your ZIP code to 438829 or call 1-800-232-0233 to find vaccine locations near you.

If you need transportation, Lyft and Uber may offer free rides to vaccine appointments until July 4th. With Uber, you can schedule your vaccine appointment right in the app. Just tap the Vaccine icon to open the app’s COVID-19 hub. From there, select “Make an appointment” to search for an opening near you. After you book your slot, Uber will automatically schedule a pickup and drop-off for you. If you need two shots, they’ll take you to both appointments free of charge.

If you already have an appointment, tap the Vaccine icon and select “Get your free ride now.” You’ll be able to schedule rides once you enter your zip code and choose a provider. Round-trip rides to first and second appointments are covered up to $25 each way and must be scheduled three weeks apart.

Lyft is offering coupon codes that cover up to $15 of a ride to and from a vaccination site. To get your code, select Donate from the menu and scroll down to “Learn more about LyftUp.” Tap the “Vaccine Access” tab, followed by “Learn more” under “Destination: Vaccination Street.” Scroll to the “Get a Ride” button, where you’ll provide confirmation of a scheduled appointment, the state where you reside, and a few other details.

Tap “Redeem your Lyft code” and the app will automatically add the code to your account under Rewards. It’ll apply to the next two rides you take, so plan to redeem your code immediately before you travel to your appointment. Codes are valid from 6 a.m to 8 p.m. every day and can be used for Lyft’s bike and scooter rentals too.

*Your child’s COVID-19 vaccine will be recorded in I-CARE and it will be part of their permanent immunization record.*
ENCONTRAR UNA VACUNA DE COVID-19 PARA SU HIJO

Lugares cercanos que ofrecen las vacunas de Covid-19:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nombre del sitio</th>
<th>Dirección y teléfono</th>
<th>Horario</th>
<th>Instrucciones para las citas</th>
<th>Costo</th>
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</tbody>
</table>

Otras formas de encontrar citas para las vacunas:
• Visita vacunas.gov para encontrar proveedores de vacunas cerca de usted.
• Textea tu código postal a 438829 o llama a 1-800-232-0233 para encontrar lugares de vacunación cerca de ti.
Si necesitas transporte, Lyft y Uber pueden ofrecer traslados gratuitos a las citas de vacunación hasta el 4 de julio.
Uber puede programar tu cita de vacunación directamente en la aplicación. Sólo tienes que tocar el icono de la vacuna para abrir el centro de Covid-19 de la aplicación. Desde allí, selecciona "Pedir cita" para buscar un hueco cerca de ti. Una vez que hayas reservado tu turno, Uber programará automáticamente la recogida y la entrega para ti. Si necesitas dos tomas, te llevarán a ambas citas sin coste alguno.
Si ya tienes una cita, toca el icono de la vacuna y selecciona "Consigue tu viaje gratis ahora". Podrá programar los viajes una vez que introduzca su código postal y elija un proveedor. Los viajes de ida y vuelta a la primera y segunda cita están cubiertos hasta 25 dólares por trayecto y deben programarse con tres semanas de diferencia.

Lyft está ofreciendo códigos de cupones que cubren hasta 15 dólares de un viaje de ida y vuelta a un centro de vacunación. Para obtener su código, seleccione Donar en el menú y desplácese hacia abajo hasta "Más información sobre LyftUp". Toca la pestaña "Acceso a las vacunas", seguida de "Más información" en "Destino: Calle de la Vacunación". Desplázate hasta el botón "Get a Ride", donde deberás indicar la confirmación de una cita programada, el estado en el que resides y algunos otros detalles.

Toca "Canjear tu código Lyft" y la aplicación añadirá automáticamente el código a tu cuenta en Recompensas. Se aplicará a los dos próximos viajes que hagas, así que planea canjear tu código inmediatamente antes de viajar a tu cita. Los códigos son válidos desde las 6 a.m. hasta las 8 p.m. todos los días y también pueden usarse para bicicletas y scooters de Lyft.

La vacuna COVID-19 de su hijo se registrará en I-CARE y formará parte de su expediente de vacunación permanente.
Finding a COVID-19 Vaccine in Chicago

In-home vaccination is available. All Chicago households and anyone age 5 and up is eligible to receive a vaccine and/or booster. Up to 10 people can be vaccinated at a time, so you can invite family, friends, or neighbors to be vaccinated together. People can choose between the pediatric Pfizer (age 5-11) and Pfizer (age 12 and older).

Gift cards (for home located in select zip codes only): All patients in eligible zip codes who are vaccinated in the At Home program will receive a $50 gift card for each dose of Pfizer vaccine administered (1st and 2nd dose). Gift cards are not offered for booster dose appointments. All incentives for At Home appointments will be delivered by mail, not at the time of the appointment. Eligible zip codes: 60608, 60612, 60617, 60619, 60620, 60621, 60624, 60628, 60633, 60636, 60637, 60644, 60649, 60651, 60653, and Chicago residents living in 60827, 60707.

For more information call (312) 746-4835 or visit the Protect Chicago At Home website at chicago.gov/athome

The City of Chicago is operating vaccination sites. Chicagoans over the age of 5 can receive vaccination at all City of Chicago sites offering Pfizer vaccine. While generally a parent or legal guardian must accompany individuals under the age of 18 seeking vaccination, parents may now consent to their vaccine-eligible minor being vaccinated without their presence at CDPH walk-in immunization clinics, CDPH Mobile CareVan events, and certain select Chicago Public Schools (CPS) clinics. No government issued ID or insurance required.

Vaccinations are available for 5 years and older at certain locations:
- ARTURO VELASQUEZ INSTITUTE at 2800 S Western Ave, register online or call 773-254-1400 or walk-in during hours.
- CDPH Greater Lawn Immunization Clinic at 4150 W 55th St. Register online or call (312) 745-1477 or walk-in during hours.
- CDPH Uptown WIC Clinic at 845 W. Wilson Ave., 2nd level. register online or call (312) 742-3227 or walk-in during hours.
- Four CPS location for students and families, and CPS staff. Visit cps.edu/COVID for details.

To find a location or hours contact the City of Chicago COVID-19 helpline at (312) 746-4835 visit Chicago.gov/COVIDVax or
ENCONTRAR UNA VACUNA DE COVID-19 EN CHICAGO

La vacunación a domicilio está disponible. Todos los hogares de Chicago y cualquier persona de 5 años o más son elegibles para recibir una vacuna y/o refuerzo. Se pueden vacunar hasta 10 personas a la vez, por lo que se puede invitar a familiares, amigos o vecinos a vacunarse juntos. Las personas pueden elegir entre la Pfizer pediátrica (de 5 a 11 años) y la Pfizer (de 12 años en adelante).

Tarjetas de regalo (sólo para los domicilios situados en determinados códigos postales): Todos los pacientes en códigos postales elegibles que se vacunen en el programa At Home recibirán una tarjeta de regalo de $50 por cada dosis de la vacuna Pfizer administrada (primera y segunda dosis). Las tarjetas de regalo no se ofrecen para las citas de dosis de refuerzo. Todos los incentivos para las citas de At Home se entregarán por correo, no en el momento de la cita. Códigos postales elegibles: 60608, 60612, 60617, 60619, 60620, 60621, 60624, 60628, 60633, 60636, 60637, 60644, 60649, 60651, 60653, y residentes de Chicago que vivan en 60827, 60707.

Para más información llame al (312) 746-4835 o visite el sitio web de Protect Chicago At Home en chicago.gov/athome

La ciudad de Chicago opera centros de vacunación. Los habitantes de Chicago mayores de 5 años pueden vacunarse en todos los centros de la Ciudad de Chicago que ofrezcan la vacuna de Pfizer. Aunque por lo general un padre o guardián legal debe acompañar a las personas menores de 18 años que deseen vacunarse, los padres pueden ahora dar su consentimiento para que su menor elegible para la vacuna sea vacunado sin su presencia en las clínicas de inmunización sin cita previa del CDPH, en los eventos del CDPH Mobile CareVan y en ciertas clínicas de las Escuelas Públicas de Chicago (CPS). No se requiere una identificación emitida por el gobierno ni un seguro. Las vacunas están disponibles a partir de los 5 años en determinados lugares:

- ARTURO VELASQUEZ INSTITUTE en 2800 S Western Ave, inscríbase en línea o llame al 773-254-1400 o acuda durante el horario de atención al público.
- CDPH Greater Lawn Immunization Clinic at 4150 W 55th St. Inscríbase en línea o llame al (312) 745-1477 o acuda sin cita previa durante el horario de atención al público.
- CDPH Uptown WIC Clinic at 845 W. Wilson Ave., 2nd level. inscríbase en línea o llame al (312) 742-3227 o acuda sin cita previa durante el horario de apertura.
- Para los lugares de CPS para estudiantes y familias, y el personal de CPS. Visita cps.edu/COVID para más detalles.

Para encontrar un lugar u horario contacte con la línea de ayuda COVID-19 de la ciudad de Chicago en el (312) 746-4835 visite Chicago.gov/COVIDVax o
COVID-19 VACCINES FOR CHILDREN UNDER 5
ARE HERE!

1. THAT WAS A LONG WAIT
There are reasons why it has taken longer to get this vaccine out but safety of the vaccine is not one of them. For example, new variants made reviewing vaccines more complex & time consuming.

2. YAY! WE HAVE A VACCINE NOW!
Risk of severe illness in children is lower, but that doesn't mean we shouldn't use the tools we have to prevent children from getting COVID-19, getting very ill, having long-term effects or dying from COVID-19.

3. GETTING VACCINATED
Ask your child's doctors about how they are scheduling vaccine appointments. This is the best place for your child to be vaccinated - and you can get your child their other vaccines at the same time to save trips, money and stress!

4. SIDE EFFECTS: FUN? NO. WORTH IT? YES.
It is stressful - and disruptive - when a child doesn't feel well. But, remember, while there may be mild side effects (sore arm, headache, etc.), they won't last long. Risk of severe effects are very rare.

5. HELP YOUR CHILD THROUGH THEIR SHOT
No one likes shots! There are things you can do to lessen the pain and anxiety your child may have about their shots. Visit here for resources for more information.

ILLINOISAAP.ORG/FAMILY-IMMUNIZATION-RESOURCES/
VACUNAS DE COVID-19 PARA NIÑOS MENORES DE 5 AÑOS
¡ESTÁN AQUÍ!

1. ESA FUE UNA LARGA ESPERA
Hay razones por las que se ha tardado más en sacar esta vacuna, pero la seguridad no es una de ellas. Por ejemplo, las nuevas variantes han hecho que la revisión de las vacunas sea más complicado y lleve más tiempo.

2. ¡SÍ! ¡AHORA TENEMOS UNA VACUNA!
El riesgo de enfermedad grave en los niños es menor, pero eso no significa que no debamos utilizar las herramientas que tenemos para evitar que los niños se contagien de COVID-19, se pongan muy enfermos, tengan efectos a largo plazo o mueran a causa de COVID-19.

3. VACUNARSE
Pregunte a los médicos de su hijo cómo programan las citas para las vacunas. ¡Este es el mejor lugar para que su hijo sea vacunado - y usted puede obtener sus otras vacunas al mismo tiempo para ahorrar viajes, dinero y estrés!

Es estresante -y perturbador- que un niño no se sienta bien. Pero recuerde que, aunque puede haber efectos secundarios leves (dolor de brazo, de cabeza, etc.), no durarán mucho. El riesgo de efectos graves es muy raro.

5. AYUDE A SU HIJO A SUPERAR LA INYECCIÓN
A nadie le gustan las inyecciones. Hay cosas que puedes hacer para disminuir el dolor y la ansiedad que tu hijo pueda tener sobre sus vacunas. Visite aquí para obtener más información.

ILLINOISAAP.ORG/FAMILY-IMMUNIZATION-RESOURCES/
Many children have been infected with COVID-19. Children can become severely ill, hospitalized and die from this virus.

1

Vaccines help prevent people from getting ill and from having long-term effects from COVID-19. Children deserve that too.

2

Doctors want you to know COVID-19 vaccines are safe for children! Millions of children have been vaccinated and the US continues to monitor safety.

3

No one likes shots! Even adults don't like them. Make a plan for how you can support your child during and after their shots.

4

Side effects from the vaccine are normal and will likely be mild (sore arm, tiredness, etc.) - especially when compared with how ill someone can be from COVID-19.

5
Muchos niños han sido infectados con COVID-19. Los niños pueden enfermar gravemente, ser hospitalizados y morir a causa de este virus.

Las vacunas ayudan a evitar que las personas se enfermen y tengan efectos a largo plazo de la COVID-19. **Los niños también merecen esa protección.**

Los médicos quieren que sepas que las vacunas COVID-19 son seguras, también para los niños. Millones de niños han sido vacunados y los Estados Unidos siguen vigilando la seguridad.

A nadie le gustan los inyecciones. Incluso a los adultos no les gustan. Haga un plan para apoyar a tu hijo durante y después de las vacunas.

Los efectos secundarios de la vacuna son normales y probablemente serán leves (dolor en el brazo, cansancio, etc.), sobre todo si se comparan con los que puede provocar el COVID-19.
Samples Outreach/Social Media Messages

• Getting your child vaccinated is the best thing to do for their health while COVID-19 is still spreading.
• Before the vaccine became available for children, scientists and medical experts reviewed it for safety and how well it worked!
• Research into how Messenger RNA, or mRNA, works was developed in the 1970s! So, when COVID-19 came along, mRNA vaccine technology was ready.
• More than 13 million children and teens have tested positive for COVID-19—protect your babies and younger children by getting them vaccinated.
• While children generally do better with COVID-19, they can get very sick or die from this virus. Protect them, get them vaccinated.
• Children aren’t supposed to die at the same rate as adults. Do what you can to protect your little ones, get them vaccinated.
• COVID-19 vaccines help prevent people from getting ill and from having long-term effects from COVID-19. Children deserve that protection too.
• Over 42,000 children have been hospitalized due to COVID-19 since March 2020.
• Over 1,020 children have died due to COVID-19 since March 2020.
• No one really likes shots! Plan for how you can support your child during and after their vaccine.
• Talk to your little one about what will happen to try and make it a positive, calm visit.
• Be assured that COVID-19 vaccines are safe and effective. They protect against severe illness, hospitalization and death from COVID-19.
• The biggest goal of COVID-19 vaccines is to protect against serious illness!
Outreach/Social Media Images — Available in English and Spanish

Download images [here](#).
Outreach/Social Media Images – Available in English and Spanish

Download images here.

Vacunar a su hijo es la mejor manera de evitar que se enforene, sea hospitalizado o desarrolle síntomas a largo plazo a causa de COVID-19.

Son padres
Sabemos que proteger a sus hijos es lo que hace mejor.

vacunación a su hijo es lo mejor que puede hacer por su salud mientras el COVID-19 sigue propagándose.

El riesgo de que los niños sufran resultados graves debido al COVID-19 aumenta con la edad.

Esa es una de las razones por las que es importante que su hijo sea vacunado tan pronto como sea apto para ellos.
Outreach/Social Media Images – Available in English and Spanish

Download images [here](#).
Outreach/Social Media Images – Available in English and Spanish

Download images [here](#).
Outreach/Social Media Images – Available in English and Spanish

Download images [here](#).
Healthy Children or AAP
• COVID Vaccine Checklist for Kids Aged 5-11
• The Science Behind the COVID-19 Vaccine: Parent FAQs
• Ask the Pediatrician: Do I have to pay to vaccinate my child against COVID?
• Ask the Pediatrician: If my child had COVID already, do they need the vaccine?
• COVID-19 and Multi-System Inflammatory Syndrome in Children (MIS-C)

ICAAP
• Family Resources webpage
• Tips & Tricks to help you and your child get through the needle stick (English)
• Tips & Tricks to help you and your child get through the needle stick (Spanish)

Other
• VaccineFinder - U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
• Questions and Answers about COVID-19 Vaccines - Children’s Hospital of Philadelphia
• Talking About Covid-19 Vaccines for Children Six Months to Four Years Old – Brown University

QR image links to ICAAP’s Family Resources webpage
Pfizer-BioNTech Clinical Trials

Pfizer-BioNTech initiated a rolling submission to expand the Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) of the Pfizer COVID-19 Vaccine to include children 6 months through 4 years of age (6 months to <5 years of age).

The phase 1/2/3 trial initially enrolled 4,500 children ages 6 months to under 12 years of age in the United States, Finland, Poland, and Spain from more than 90 clinical trial sites. Additional children have been enrolled in all age groups, more than 10,000 children are enrolled.

Study was designed to evaluate the safety, tolerability, and immunogenicity of the Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine on a three-dose schedule (first two doses give approximately 21 days apart, with the third dose given 8 weeks after the second) in:

- Ages 5 to under 12 years (10 µg)
- Ages 2 to under 5 years (3 µg)
- And ages 6 months to under 2 years (3 µg)

The third 3-µg dose was well tolerated among 1,678 children under 5 years of age with a safety profile similar to placebo.

Vaccine efficacy of 80.3% was observed in descriptive analysis of three doses during a time when Omicron was the predominant variant.

No significant safety concerns were identified.

Sources: 
[CDC](https://www.cdc.gov), [CDC MMWR](https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr) and [Pfizer-BioNTech](https://www.pfizer.com), [Pfizer-BioNTech](https://www.biotechnch.com)
The KidCOVE trial (for ages 6 months – under 12 years) initially enrolled 11,700 pediatric participants in the United States and Canada. Approximately 6,700 participants aged 6 months to under 6 years were enrolled.

Study was designed to evaluate the safety, tolerability, and immunogenicity of the Moderna (SpikeVax) vaccine on a two-dose schedule (approximately 28 days apart) in:
- Ages 12 to 17 years;
- Ages 6 to under 12 years;
- And ages 6 months to under 6 years

Dosage was dependent on age:
- Children 6 months through 6 years received two 25 µg doses
- Children 6 to 12 years received two 50 µg doses
- Children 12 to 18 years received two 100 µg doses

Side effects were like other pediatric vaccines. Rates of fever greater than 38 C were:
- 17.0% in ages 6 months – under 2 years
- 14.6% in 2 years – under 6 years
- 23.9% in 6 years – under 12 years

Fever greater than 40°C was seen in only a few children (0.2% in each age group). No deaths, no myocarditis or pericarditis, and no multisystem inflammatory syndrome in children (MIS-C) were reported.

No safety concerns have been identified.
Thank you for all you do for the safety & well-being of children in Illinois